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ÁNNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III** 

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-<ENTER NO>

**FACING PAGE** 

Information Requested of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	<enter date=""></enter>	AND ENDING	<enter date=""></enter>
BEGINNING	01/01/03		12/31/03
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	General American Distribute	ors, Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLAC	ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do note use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
700 Market Street			L
	(No. and street)		
St. Louis	Missouri		63101
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUME	BER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN RE-	GARD TO THIS	REPORT
Timothy Spangenberg			(314) 444-0465
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOU	INTANT whose opinion is contained in th	is Report*	
Deloitte & Touche LLP			
	(Name – if individual, state last, first, mida	•	
One City Centre	St. Louis	MO	63101
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accou	intant		
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resider	nt in United States or any of its possession	S. ·	PROCESSED MAR 29 2004
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		MAR 29 2004
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Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

<sup>\*</sup> Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

accomp Distribu further	anyir itors, swear	A. Spangenberg, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the g financial statements and supporting schedule pertaining to the firm General American Inc., (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, are true and correct. I (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director rietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.
		7 11 1
		Signature Date
		J / Signatury Date
		Chief Financial Officer Title
	ai	Notary Public  CAROLYN ROLFES  Notary Public – Notary Seal  State of Missouri  City of St. Louis  My Commission Expires 05/05/2007
This rep	ort *	* contains (check all applicable boxes):
	(b) (c)	Independent Auditors' Report Facing page Statement of Financial Condition Statement of Operations
⊠ ⊠		Statement of Cash Flows Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors (Not Applicable)
⊠		Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
$\boxtimes$	(g)	Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule
П	(i)	15c3-3 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Not Applicable) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 (Not Applicable)
	(i) (j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule
	•	15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule
	(k)	15c3-3 (Refer to Item g) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to
_	(11)	methods of consolidation (Not Applicable)
$\boxtimes$	. ,	An Oath or Affirmation
		A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report (Not Required)  A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of
<b>₽</b> .Si	(**)	the previous audit (Supplemental Report on Internal Control).

<sup>\*\*</sup> For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# General American Distributors, Inc. (SEC I.D. No. 8-53064)

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedule as of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2003 and Independent Auditors' Report and Supplemental Report on Internal Control

Filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT.

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# **Deloitte**

Deloitte & Touche LLP One City Centre St. Louis, MO 63101-1819

Tel: +1 314 342 4900 www.deloitte.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors and Stockholder General American Distributors, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of General American Distributors, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2003, and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information contained in the accompanying schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 5, 2004

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2003

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from affiliate Income tax receivable from Parent Prepaid expenses	\$358,082 4,841 18,558 28,228
TOTAL	\$409,709
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	•
LIABILITIES: Payable to affiliate Other liabilities	\$ 18,885 1,468
Total liabilities	20,353
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY: Common stock, no par value; 30,000 shares authorized, 25,000 shares issued and outstanding Retained earnings	300,000 89,356
Total stockholder's equity	389,356
TOTAL	\$409,709

#### STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

REVENUES: Gross concession income from affiliates Less affiliated commissions	\$9,890,218 9,868,242
Net concession revenues	21,976
Other income	185,290
Total revenues	207,266
EXPENSES: Overhead charges from affiliates Regulatory fees and licenses Other operating expenses	70,204 57,329 1,077
Total expenses	128,610
Income before income tax expense	78,656
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	31,053
NET INCOME	\$ 47,603

# STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholder's Equity
BALANCE—January 1, 2003	\$300,000	\$41,753	\$341,753
Net income		47,603	47,603
BALANCE—December 31, 2003	\$300,000	\$89,356	\$389,356

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities— Change in operating assets and liabilities:	\$ 47,603
Receivable from affiliate	(4,080)
Other assets	(7,397)
Income tax receivable from Parent	(18,558)
Income tax payable to Parent	(18,790)
Payable to affiliate	(17,034)
Other liabilities	(221)
Net cash from operating activities	(66,080)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(18,477)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—Beginning of year	376,559
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—End of year	\$358,082
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION—	

Income tax payments totaled \$62,894 for the year ended December 31, 2003

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF COMPANY

General American Distributors, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on May 31, 2001. The Company is a registered broker and dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of GenAmerica Financial ("GenAmerica" or "Parent"). The ultimate parent is MetLife, Inc. ("MetLife").

The Company is a wholesale broker dealer and facilitates the offerings of General American Life Insurance Company ("General American"), Paragon Life Insurance Company ("Paragon") and New England Life Insurance Company ("New England"), variable insurance policy products to the marketplace by entering into agreements with other broker dealers for distribution. Both General American and Paragon are wholly owned subsidiaries of GenAmerica. New England is a wholly owned subsidiary of MetLife.

The Company carries no customer accounts and no customer funds or securities are held in connection with their brokerage and investment advisory services. Accordingly, the Company meets the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

The Company's operations and activities are highly dependent on its relationship with GenAmerica and other affiliates.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The significant principles are as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents—Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in banks and money market accounts.

**Revenue Recognition**—Revenue consists primarily of concession revenue for the completion of security transactions. Concession revenue and the related concession expenses are recognized on the trade date. Service fees are recognized upon completion of the services.

Income Taxes—The Company is a member of the consolidated federal income tax group established by MetLife for its wholly owned subsidiaries. As a result, the Company's income and deductions are included in the consolidated return and any computed taxes payable or receivable are due to or from the Parent. The Company participates in a tax sharing agreement with its Parent. The Parent allocates income tax expenses or benefits to members of the consolidated group based on each subsidiary's contribution to consolidated taxable income or loss using the statutory rate applicable to the consolidated group.

The Company applies the concepts of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, which establishes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. SFAS No. 109 allows

recognition of deferred tax assets if future realization of the tax benefit is more likely than not, with a valuation allowance for the portion that is not likely to be realized.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

All personnel who perform services for the Company are the employees of MetLife. MetLife and General American allocate expenses to the Company for other operating expenses based on the actual costs incurred. MetLife and General American also provide certain administrative and other services to the Company and allocate overhead charges accordingly. Charges allocated to the Company for such services for the year ended December 31, 2003 were as follows:

Overhead charges from affiliates Other operating expenses \$70,000 204

\$70,204

The amounts charged by affiliates are based on agreed-upon amounts that might differ from amounts that would be charged if such services were provided by third parties.

General American allocates gross concession income to the Company based on completed security transactions which totaled \$9,776,797 for the period ended December 31, 2003. The Company then pays commissions to Walnut Street Securities, Inc., ("Walnut Street") a related subsidiary of General American, for transactions completed by Walnut Street registered representatives. To the extent that the Company's activities are with General American, revenues are fully paid out in the form of commission expense.

During the period ended December 31, 2003, the Company entered into a selling agreement with New England to facilitate the sale of New England variable products. New England allocates gross concession income to the Company based upon completed security transactions which totaled \$97,540 for the period ended December 31, 2003. The Company also retains a portion of gross revenue received as an allowance for marketing the product. This amount totaled \$15,881 for the period ended December 31, 2003. The Company then pays commissions to Walnut Street for transactions completed by registered representatives of Walnut Street totaling \$91,445 for the period ended December 31, 2003.

The Company earns service fees from General American based on agreed upon amounts for the completion of securities transactions, totaling \$140,000 for the period ended December 31, 2003. The service fees are included in other income in the statement of operations.

Additionally, the Company earns service fees from Paragon based on completed underwritings, totaling \$42,000 for the period ended December 31, 2003. The service fees are included in other income in the statement of operations.

#### 4. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2003 consists of the following:

\$24,831
4,776
1,446
·
\$31,053

Income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2003 differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35% to profit before income taxes as a result of the following:

Computed expected tax expense	\$27,530
State tax—net of federal	3,104
Other	419
	\$31,053
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The deferred income tax liability recorded in the consolidated statements of financial condition as of December 31, 2003 is as follows:

Deferred tax liability—state income tax	\$1,468
Net deferred tax liability	\$1,468

#### 5. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and an allowable percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as defined under this rule of not more than 1500%. Net capital and the related net capital percentage may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2003, the Company has net capital of \$330,767, which was \$325,767 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital percentage (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was approximately 6% at December 31, 2003.

#### 6. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires the recognition of a liability for the fair value of an obligation undertaken in issuing a guarantee and also requires certain disclosures of such guarantees. The disclosure requirements became effective in 2002. The recognition requirements became effective for the Company on January 1, 2003. The recognition requirements of FIN 45 did not have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2003, FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities ("FIN 46"), an interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No.51, Consolidated Financial Statements, which requires the consolidation by a business enterprise of variable interest entities if the business enterprise is the primary beneficiary. FIN 46 was effective January 31, 2003, for the Company

with respect to interests in variable interest entities obtained after that date. With respect to interests in variable interest entities existing prior to February 1, 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 (Revised December 2003), which extends the effective date of FIN 46 to the period ending December 31, 2004. The Company currently does not believe it will be required to consolidate any material interests in variable interest entities.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

# COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 DECEMBER 31, 2003

Net capital: Stockholder's equity Deductions—non-allowable assets Haircuts on securities	\$389,356 51,627 6,962
Net capital	\$330,767
Aggregate indebtedness—items included in the statement of financial condition: Payable to affiliate Other liabilities	\$ 18,885 1,468
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 20,353
Computation of basic net capital requirement—minimum net capital required (Greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000)	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital	\$325,767
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital*	6 %

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with Rule 15c3-1, the percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital cannot exceed 1500%.

#### Statement Pursuant to Paragraph (d)(4) of Rule 17a-5

There are no material differences between this computation of net capital required pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding computation prepared by General American Distributors, Inc., and included in the Company's unaudited Part II Focus report filing as of December 31, 2003.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

# **Deloitte**

Deloitte & Touche LLP Suite 2200 One City Centre St. Louis, MO 63101-1819 USA

Tel: +1 314 342 4900 www.deloitte.com

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED
BY RULE 17a-5 UNDER THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Board of Directors and Stockholder General American Distributors, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of General American Distributors, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003 (on which we issued our report dated February 5, 2004), we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control and of the practices and procedures, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal control or of such practices and procedures to future periods are subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the practices or procedures may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the Company's internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the Company's internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the Company's internal control and its operation (including control activities for safeguarding securities) that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 5, 2004

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